

For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.
VICTORIA EXCHANGE,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
—
HAVE JUST LANDED
THE FOLLOWING

STORES.

YORK HAMS.
STILTON CHEESE.
PUDDING RAISINS (Valencias).
COURRANTS (Patras).

MINGEAT.
CHRISTMAS CAKES.
FIGS.
ALMONDS and RAISINS.
BRAZIL NUTS.
SOFT-SHELL ALMONDS.
METZ FRUITS.
CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.
FRUITS in Syrups.
IMPERIAL PLUMS.
PLUM PUDDINGS.
COSAQUES.

CALIFORNIA PRODUCTS.
CONDENSED MILK.
KEROSENE LAMPS.
FAIRBANK'S SCALES.
COOKING STOVES.
PARLOUR STOVES.

—
THE USUAL ASSORTMENT

OILMAN'S STORES,
AND
WINES,

at the
Lowest Possible Prices
FOR CASH.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.
Hongkong, December 1, 1885. 2084

To Let.

TO LET.

OFFICES and CHAMBERS, No. 7 Queen's Road, lately occupied by MESSRS. JARDINE, MATTHESON & CO., Apply to

BIRD & PALMER,
Who will exhibit Plans and arrange Offices to suit applicants.

Hongkong, April 8, 1886. 597

THE PEAKE.

TO LET, with immediate possession, A BUNGALOW (partly FURNISHED), situated on Mount Kellett. Rent moderate. Apply to

DENNYS & MOSSOP,
43, Queen's Road,

Hongkong, November 12, 1885. 1971

THE PEAKE.

TO LET
BUNGALOW at Mount Kellett. Five ROOMS, TENNIS COURT, &c., &c. For 1886 or longer if desired.

Apply to JOHN D. HUTCHISON.

Hongkong, September 17, 1885. 1625

TO LET.

(COLLEGE CHAMBERS) (late Hotel
(DE UNIVERSITATIS); Single Rooms or
SUITES OF APARTMENTS.
BISNELL VILLA, POONKLOOM.

Apply to DAVID SASSOON, Sons & Co.
Hongkong, December 22, 1885. 2226

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THIS paper is now issued every day. The subscription is fixed at Four Dollars per annum delivered in Hongkong, or Ten Dollars Forty Cents including postage to Coast ports.

It is the first Chinese Newspaper ever issued under purely native direction. The chief support of the paper is of course derived from the native community, amongst whom also are to be found the guarantors and securities necessary to place it on a business and legal footing.

The projectors, basing their estimates upon the most reliable information from the various Ports in China and Japan, from Australia, California, Singapore, Penang, Saigon, and other places frequented by the Chinese, consider themselves justified in guaranteeing a large and ever-increasing circulation.

The advantages offered to advertisers are therefore unusually great, and the foreign community generally will find it to their interest to avail themselves of them.

The field open to a paper of this description—conducted by native efforts, but progressive and anti-habitrative in tone—is almost limitless. It is on the one hand commands Chinese belief and interest, while on the other it deserves every aid that can be given to it by foreigners.

Like English journals it contains Editorials, with Local, Shipping, and Commercial News and Advertisements.

Subscription orders for the above may be sent to

GEO. MURRAY BAIN,
China Mail Office.

Entertainment.

THE HONGKONG CHORAL SOCIETY intend giving
A CONCERT,
ON SATURDAY EVENING,
the 20th Instant.

PART I.
Selections from
'THE MAY QUEEN.'

PART II.
MISCELLANEOUS.

Further Particulars will be announced.
ALFRED J. MAY,
Hon. Sec.

Hongkong, January 18, 1886. 114

Not Responsible for Debts.

Whether the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:

CARONDELLET American ship, Capt. W. F. Stetson.—Messengers Maritimes.

CEYLON American barque, Captain Ru Calhoun.—Wing Chong Kit.

COLOMBO American barque, Capt. J. D. Wyman.—Arbuthnott, Karberg & Co.

GEORGE British barque, Capt. William Grant.—Captain.

GREAT EUROPEAN American barque, Capt. Clas. L. Flinn.—Order.

HELA—American ship, Captain E. A. Day.—Order.

SOUTHERN CHIEF American ship, Capt. J. Ross.—Captain.

TAICHOW British steamer, Captain J. Newton.—Yuen Fat Hong.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

January 19, 1886.—
New Pablo, American steamer, 2,112, E. C. Reid, San Francisco December 19, and Yokohama January 13, Mails and General.—O. & O. S. S. Co.

Doria, German steamer, 771, W. Zerrahn, Touren January 15, Salt.—Wirsba & Co.

Wenchow, British steamer, from Whampoa.

Rambler, British gunboat, from a cruise.

Kouwing, British steamer, 1,345, Baltimore, Shanghai January 16, General—JARDINE, MATTHESON & Co.

Cafeo, British steamer, 684, J. Hutchison, Chinkiang January 14, Rice.—BURTON & FIELD & SWIRE.

Kwang Lee, Chinese steamer, 1,507, Andrew, Shanghai Jan. 16, General—C. M. S. N. Co.

Thais, British steamer, 820, T. G. Cock, Taiwanco January 15, Amoy 16, and Swatow 18, General—DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP Co.

Plaza Chon Kiao, British steamer, 1,014, Henry Stratton, Bangkok January 12, General—YUEN FAT HONG.

Alert, American gunboat, 511, Com. J. Barclay, Amoy January 16.

Anna W. Weston, American barque, 703, M. N. Duncan, Newcastle (N.S.W.) Nov. 16, Coal—GRINN, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Moray, British steamer, 1,428, Duncan, Saigon January 14, Rice.—ADAMSON, BELL & Co.

Fresh breeze, variable from N. to N.E.

The British steamer Kouwing reports: Had moderate Northerly winds and fine weather throughout.

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A CASE OF VERY Sudden death occurred at Yokohama on the 11th instant. An old resident, Mr. H. Bouvet, got suddenly excited over the transaction of some business, and died from the effects. A post mortem was held, when it was found that death had resulted from aneurism of the heart.

The Shanghai Courier.—Chompuo, correspondent, writes under date of the 20th December that a foreign resident, Mr. H. Kuffler, forwarded on the 17th of December the following telegram per Imperial Chinese Telegraph Office at that port:—
Kleinvort, Kobe. Existed Domine Glore Envy, and received on the 19th December the following service telegram in reply:— [Agasaki 13/12. Nagasaki-Chompuo. Japan's administration refuse to forward your six words Kleinvort, Kobe? What does it mean? Are the Japanese afraid of the word "Envy"? Or is it simply to discourage the use of the Chinese telegraph line? Perhaps our Japanese contemporaries are able to answer these questions. We understand that the Japanese Consul in Chompuo has ordered his nationals not to use the Chinese telegraph line.]

A NAVAL Court of Enquiry was held at Shanghai on the 13th instant, into the loss of the British ship *Zekki* in the Wenchow River on the 2nd instant. The Court was composed of—Mr. Chaloner Alabaster, British Acting Consul General (President); Captain R. Downey, master of the British brig *Pelican*; and Captain H. W. Brown, master of the British ship *Wyle*, as Assessors. After hearing evidence, the Court delivered the following finding:—

(1)—It appears from the evidence before the Court that the *Zekki*, a sailing ship of 300 tons registered tonnage, belonging to the Port of Singapore, official number 83,577, built at Hartlepool in 1865, sailed from Wenchow on or about the 30th day of December, bound for Hongkong, with a cargo of alum, red-stones and medicines, and a crew of 17 all told; that while dropping down the Wenchow River on the 2nd day of January she stranded on a sandbank, and settling down at the stern became a total wreck, the lives of officers and crew being saved, and the majority of their effects being saved, and some portion of the cargo; that the weather was calm at the time; that the lead was being used by the master in person, who was navigating the ship himself; that the chart No. 1763 appears to be incorrect, and the master, therefore, in the absence of a qualified pilot, was forced to feel his way; that the Court sees no ground for blaming the conduct of the master or crew on the

AMOY RACES, 1886.
(*Amoy Gazette.*)
THIRD DAY.
Wednesday, 13th January. Value
1.—LEDGER CUR.—Presented. Value
\$11 miles.
Outlaw, 1st.
Pedometer, 2nd.
Knight Templar, 3rd.
2.—FORRESTER CUR.—Presented. Value
\$11 miles.
Sot Free, 1st.
Talismn., 2nd.
3.—LADIES' PUR.—Presented. Once
round and a distance.
Wild Foam, 1st.
Kinans, 2nd.
4.—STAND STAKES.—Of \$10 each with
\$50 added. 1 mile.
Talismn., 1st.
Clarionet, 2nd.
Great Scott, 3rd.
5.—CONSOLIDATION CUR.—Value \$100.
1 mile.
Hornpipe, 1st.
Saxon, 2nd.
Whitechapel, 3rd.
6.—CHAMPION STAKES.—1½ miles.
Torpedo, 1st.
Outlaw, 2nd.
Wild Foam, 3rd.

Police Intelligence.
(Before N. G. Mitchell-Jones, Esq.)
Tuesday, Jan. 19.

YEE-FA LOTTERY.
U. A. Z., cook, of 56 Queen's Road West, was convicted, on the evidence of Inspector Bremner and an informer, of keeping an agency for the sale of lottery tickets, and was fined \$50, or two months' hard labour.

MOUNTAIN THIEVES DRAINED WITH.

Paris, December 15th.—General Do Courcy, commander of the French forces in Tonquin, telegraphed to the War Office to-day that General De Negreys had cleared the Marble Mountains north of Haiphong of Black Flag and pirates, capturing a number of fortified caverns and a large quantity of arms and ammunition. One cavern was desperately defended and fully 100 pirates were killed before it could be taken. Numerous war-junks were sunk between the rapids and the Bamboo canals. The country has been pacified.

SPEAKER OF THE COMMONS.

London, December 15th.—The Government in the Chamber of Deputies have resolved to oppose the importation of American salt meat in the interest alike of sanitation and of French husbandry.

THE MASSACRE OF CHRISTIANS IN COONIN.

China, December 15th.—The College of the Propaganda announce that up to November 1st, in the Vicariate of Cochinchina, nine missionaries, seven native priests, sixty catechists, 270 members of religious orders and 24,000 Christians were massacred. Two hundred parishes, 17 orphan asylums and 10 convents were destroyed, and 256 houses were burned.

LARCENY FROM A DWELLING HOUSE.

Wong Ayow, however, was charged with stealing four rubles and one shirt, value \$1, the property of one Chu Ku Sing, on the 15th inst.

Pun Atok, a shoemaker employed by the complainant, 45 East Street, and sleeping near a window of the house at 4 a.m. to-day, when he awoke and saw the defendant with his hands through the wire netting of the window through which he had been cut, and four rubles and the shirt in his hand. He got up and went out of the street door and ran after the defendant, who was stopped by a district-watchman with the articles in his possession.

Defendant was sentenced to four months' hard labour.

ROGUE AND YACABOND.

Cheney Asik, servant, who was found by P.C. 530 gambling with others in the Central Market, was charged as a rogue and vagabond, and four previous convictions being proved against him, was sentenced to find two years' imprisonment for \$6, for his good behaviour for twelve months, in default to be imprisoned for two months.

LARCENY.

Wong Afuk, unemployed, was convicted of stealing a tarapalin, value \$20, the property of the Government, from the Shan Shui Po Dock at Kowloon on the 7th inst., and was sentenced to three months' hard labour.

(Before A. G. Wise, Esq.)

ATTEMPT TO KIDNAP MONEY.

The Atong, unemployed, was charged with assaulting a seaman named Chin on the 17th inst. at Yan-mai-ti.

Complainant's statement was to the effect that he was a seaman belonging to the Hop-junk at Yan-mai-ti. At 8 a.m. on the 17th inst., the prisoner and four of his fellow men came on board his junk and demanded \$10, saying that if they attempted to leave the junk they would beat him. Complainant, a brother, was the owner of the junk, refused to pay the money and they went away. Complainant and his brother, the wife, sister, and mother, the defendant and the others in the street. The men attacked complainant and his brother and beat them. The brother fainted and the father and defendant was arrested, the others escaping.

Na Fung, the brother of complainant, corroborated his statement, and Wong Yu,

P.C. 101, gave evidence as to seeing the prisoner and others beating the complainant. He arrested the prisoner.

Prisoner was sentenced to four months' hard labour for demanding money with threats and two months' hard labour for the assault, to commence at the expiration of the first term.

Marine Magistrate's Court.

(Before Com. R. Murray Runney, R.N., Acting Harbour Master.)

Tuesday, Jan. 10.

DRINK AND PROHIBITION ON BOARD SHIP.

François Pilat and Carl Johnson, seamen

aboard the American ship *Hellen*, were charged by Captain Horace, master of the *Hellen*, with being drunk and disorderly on board ship and assaulting the second officer, the 19th inst.

The evidence of Chas. Wheeler, second mate of the *Hellen*, was to the effect that the first defendant Pilat, returned on board yesterday the worse for liquor, and soon afterwards came up and reported himself ready to turn to. He was allowed to turn to but witness soon saw that he was not fit to work and told him to go away, whereupon he made use of abusive language and threatened to strike witness. The other defendant Johnson also used abusive language and was under the influence of liquor but not so much as first defendant.

First defendant, who denied threatening the second mate, was fined \$2, and second defendant \$1; to be paid by the master and deducted from their wages.

NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The Occidental and Oriental Co.'s steamer *San Pablo*, Captain E. C. Reed, arrived here this morning from San Francisco, with dates from the United States up to the 19th December, and Yokohama. From our exchanges, we take the following telegram:—

A NEW SHIP CANAL.

Berlin, December 10th.—The Bundesrat

has unanimously approved the bill for the construction of the long-sought-of ship canal between the Baltic, the Elbe and the North Sea. The canal will cost ultimately about 150,000,000 marks. It is to be strongly fortified and will have great military as well as commercial value. In the year 1873 Count Von Moltke opposed the project on the ground that it would be better to invest the money required for the construction of the canal in increasing the Imperial fleet, but now that the plan for founding the navy has been carried out, the Field Marshal has come round to the views expressed in that plan. The defense of the coasts of Germany must always remain a divided task so long as a canal does not unite the Baltic with the German Ocean and enable German vessels to pass from one sea to another by a route which does not expose them to the dangers of falling into foreign hands. The project is to be strongly fortified and will have great military as well as commercial value. 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